



Maths Medium Term

Year: 5

Term: Summer

Teacher: Mrs Crowfoot

<u>Week</u>	<u>Topic</u>	<u>Objectives</u>
Week 1	DIVISION TO SOLVE PROBLEMS (REVISIT FROM LAST TERM)	<p>Consider the most appropriate strategy to solve a calculation: calculate mentally, use a jotting or a written method</p> <p>Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using a written method of short division.</p> <p>Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using a written method of expanded division (chunking)</p> <p>Interpret remainders appropriately for the context</p> <p>To be able to divide 3 digit numbers inc decimals to 2 places, by a single digit number.</p> <p>To be able to write a remainder as a fraction and as a decimal .</p> <p>Worded problems; whether to round up or down after dividing.</p> <p>Solve problems involving division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates.</p>
Week 2	NUMBER AND PLACE VALUE TO SOLVE PROBLEMS	<p>To order and compare negative numbers, recognising that the value of negative numbers decreases as they move further away from 0.</p> <p>To count forwards and backwards with positive and negative numbers, including through zero.</p> <p>To interpret negative numbers in context</p> <p>To carry out simple calculations involving negative numbers.</p> <p>To solve simple problems involving ordering, adding, subtracting negative numbers.</p>
Week 3	FRACTIONS – ADDITION, SUBTRACTION &	<p>To continue to recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to another.</p>



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	MULTIPLICATION TO SOLVE PROBLEMS	<p>To continue to compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number.</p> <p>To express one amount as a fraction of another.</p> <p>To add fractions with the same denominator and denominators which are multiples of the same number.</p> <p>To subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators which are multiples of the same number.</p> <p>To multiply proper fractions by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams – link to equivalent fractions and factors</p> <p>To multiply mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams – link to equivalent fractions and factors</p>
Week 4	PERCENTAGES – TO SOLVE PROBLEMS	<p>To find any percentage of an amount by finding 10% / 5% / 1% and adding or subtracting them.</p> <p>I can give equivalent fractions, decimal and percentages.</p> <p>I can use mathematical knowledge to solve word problems involving fractions, decimals and percentages.</p> <p>To find a proportion of an amount.</p> <p>To be able to calculate ratio.</p> <p>To identify patterns and relationships in number problems.</p> <p>To solve worded problems involving ratio and proportion.</p> <p>I can solve problems involving ratio and proportion and scale the ingredients up or down</p>
Week 5	ALGEBRA /	<p>Introduction to Algebra.</p> <p>To understand the convention of brackets within algebra.</p>



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	PROBLEM SOLVING	<p>To understand and use BODMAS to solve calculations.</p> <p>To solve calculations involving letters where the value of the letter is known.</p> <p>To calculate the value of an unknown letter within a calculation.</p> <p>To understand the term equation.</p> <p>To be able to express an equation in its simplest form.</p> <p>Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division, and combinations of these.</p>
Week 6	ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION TO SOLVE PROBLEMS	<p>Add whole numbers with more than 4 digits and decimals with two decimal places, including using a compact written method</p> <p>Subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits and decimals with two decimal places, including using a compact written method</p> <p>To identify and obtain necessary information to carry through a task and solve mathematical problems.</p> <p>To use their own strategies within mathematics and in applying mathematics to practical context.</p> <p>To search for a solution by trying out ideas of their own.</p> <p>To present information and results in a clear and organised way.</p> <p>To show understanding of situations by describing them mathematically using symbols, words and diagrams.</p> <p>To begin to be able to express a pattern as an equation.</p>
Week 7	MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION TO SOLVE PROBLEMS	<p>Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- digit number including using a compact written method</p> <p>Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number including using a compact written method of long multiplication</p>



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		<p>Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number including using a written method of short division.</p> <p>To identify and obtain necessary information to carry through a task and solve mathematical problems.</p> <p>To use their own strategies within mathematics and in applying mathematics to practical context.</p> <p>To search for a solution by trying out ideas of their own.</p> <p>To present information and results in a clear and organised way.</p> <p>To show understanding of situations by describing them mathematically using symbols, words and diagrams.</p> <p>To be able to express a rule or pattern as an algebraic equation.</p>
Week 8	MEASURES – TIME TO SOLVE PROBLEMS	<p>Continue to read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12 and 24-hour clocks</p> <p>Complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables</p> <p>Solve problems involving converting between units of time</p> <p>Understand and use approximate equivalences between metric and common imperial units such as pints</p> <p>Solve problems involving capacity</p> <p>Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in all types of graph and tables including a line graphs</p>
Week 9	MEASURES – TO SOLVE PROBLEMS	<p>Recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (²) and cubed (³).</p> <p>Continue to calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), using standard units, square centimetres (cm²) and square metres (m²)</p>



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		<p>Continue to estimate (and find) the area of irregular shapes</p> <p>Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure (for example, mass, capacity and volume) using decimal notation, including scaling</p> <p>Understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints</p>
Week 10	SHAPE AND POSITION AND DIRECTION TO SOLVE PROBLEMS	<p>I can reflect shapes</p> <p>Compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes</p> <p>Use the properties of rectangles to find missing lengths and/or angles</p> <p>Identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations</p> <p>Describe positions on the first quadrant of a coordinate grid</p> <p>Plot specified points and complete shapes</p> <p>Continue to identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed</p>
Week 11	Mathematics from History	<p>To understand the influence that Greek Mathematicians had.</p> <p>To be introduced to the most prominent mathematicians of the time: Thales & Pythagoras.</p> <p>To begin to understand some of their ideas and the main mathematical concepts involved.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Measuring Shadows – Multiplication and division by 2 and 3. Using multiples of 10. • Lines and Angles – Measuring acute angles. Angles that total 180 degrees on a straight line. • Circles, Lines and Angles – Semicircles and diameter of a circle. Right angled triangles within a semicircle.



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		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Square and Triangular Numbers – Patterns in a sequence of numbers. • The Shapes of Numbers – Addition patterns in a sequence of numbers.
Week 12	Mathematics from History	<p>To understand the influence that Greek Mathematicians had.</p> <p>To be introduced to the most prominent mathematicians of the time: Pythagoras, Euclid & Archimedes.</p> <p>To begin to understand some of their ideas and the main mathematical concepts involved.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Perfect Numbers – Divisors or factors of numbers. Addition and comparisons of numbers. • Dots, Lines and Shapes – Number patterns and multiplication relationships. • Transforming Triangles – Shape recognition and conservation of area. Counting squares inside a shape. • Balancing Mobiles – Addition, doubling and halving numbers. Recognition of multiples of 8, 16, 32 and 64.
Week 13	Mathematics from History	<p>To understand the influence that Greek Mathematicians had.</p> <p>To be introduced to the most prominent mathematicians of the time: Eratosthenes & Hypatia.</p> <p>To begin to understand some of their ideas and the main mathematical concepts involved.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rectangular Numbers – Factors of numbers and recognition of times tables. • The Prime Number Sieve – Multiples of numbers and prime numbers. • The Stamp Problem – Addition, multiplication and algebraic number patterns. • The Coin Problem – Addition and multiplication number relationships.